



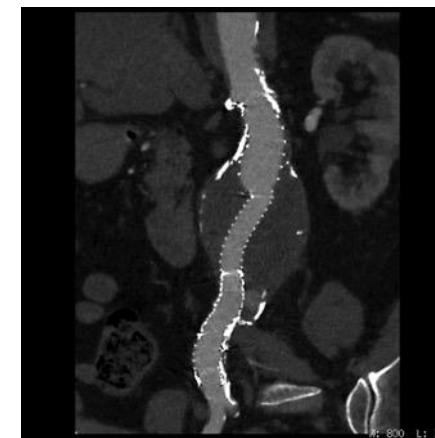
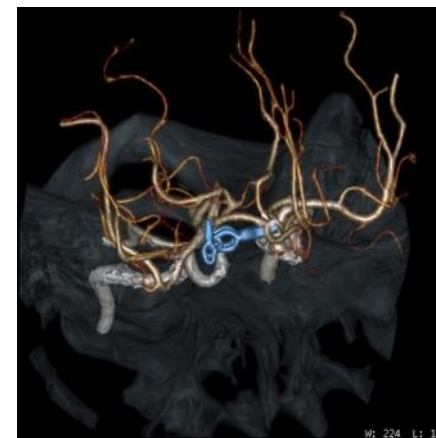
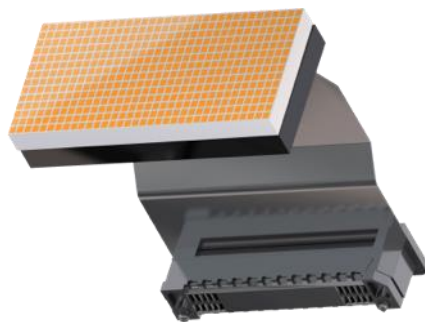
**UOC  
RADIOLOGIA**

**OSPEDALE  
S. MARIA  
ALLA GRUCCIA**

# Detettore imaging Clarity consente di aumentare la risoluzione spaziale

## 0.28 mm

Aumento della Risoluzione Spaziale



Clarity detector... design inherited from Revolution CT for 0.28 mm spatial resolution

Clarity data acquisition system... integrated detector module reduced noise

ASiR-V next generation iterative reconstruction... improve spatial resolution using higher resolution kernels



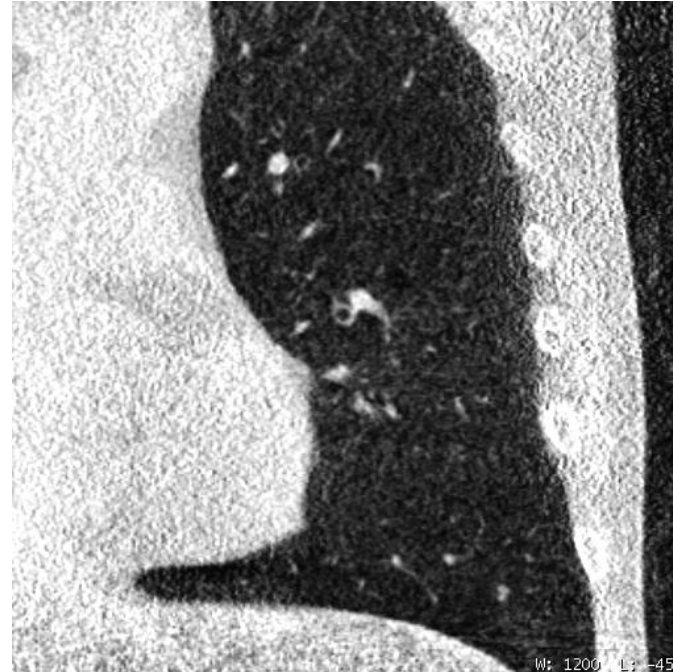
# ASiR-V\* Algoritmo che permette di abbassare la dose

# 82%

RIDUZIONE DELLA DOSE DI RADIAZIONI

Fino all'82% dose ridotta.

Nell'imaging di routine, è stato dimostrato che il sistema ASiR-V riduce la dose fino all'82% rispetto alla ricostruzione FBP standard con la stessa qualità dell'immagine



Ultra-low-dose chest (0.08 mSv<sup>1</sup>) reconstruction with filtered back-projection



Same study reconstructed using ASiR-V

Acquisition: Helical, 80 kV, 6 mAs, 0.984 pitch, 0.17 mGy CTDIvol, 5.95 mGy-cm DLP, ASiR-V 100%





# Sistema MAR –Metal Artifact Reduction technology

Progettato per ridurre la quantità di fotoni necessari (dose) e gli artefatti di striatura causati da corpi metallici, per esempio:

Protesi Anca

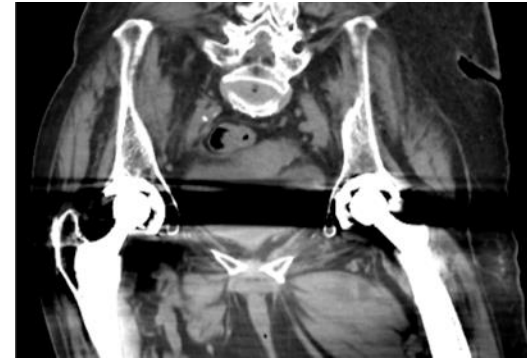
Clip vascolari

Viti

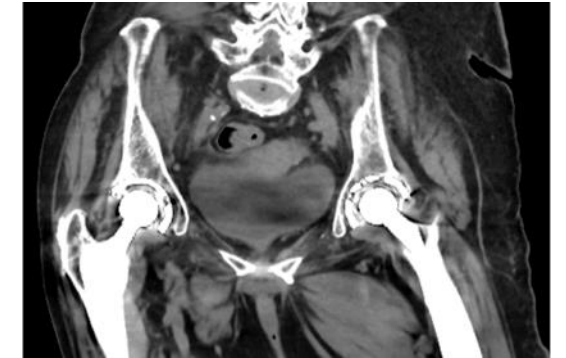
Otturazioni dentali

Un'unica acquisizione: non è richiesta alcuna scansione aggiuntiva

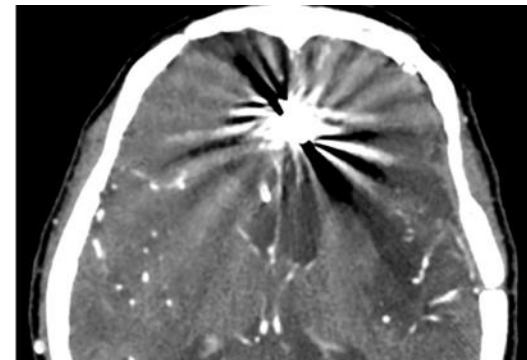
Tc dell'addome con impianto dell'anca



Without Smart MAR



With Smart MAR



Without Smart MAR



With Smart MAR

Tc cranio con clip vascolari



# Sistema ODM (Organ Dose Modulation) per ridurre la dose agli occhi, alla tiroide e agli organi radiosensibili

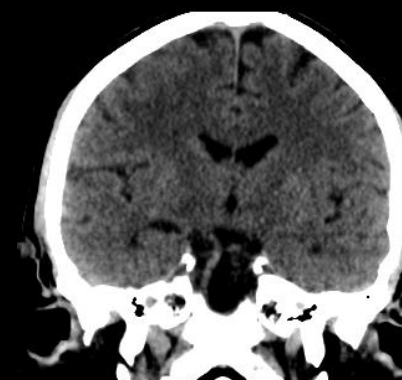
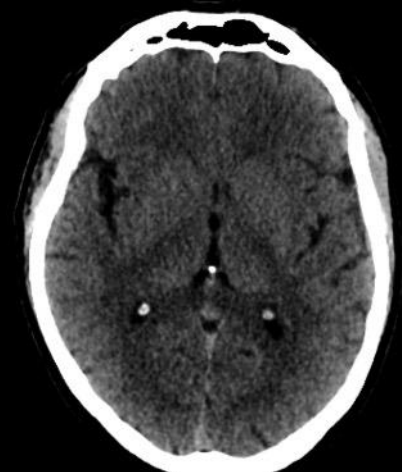
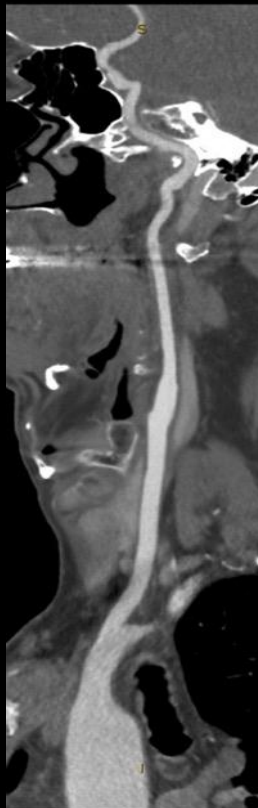
## Acquisition

### Carotids

120 kV  
150-500 mA  
1.531 pitch  
0.35 sec/rot  
396 mm in 2.6 s  
264 mGy-cm DLP

### Brain w/o contrast

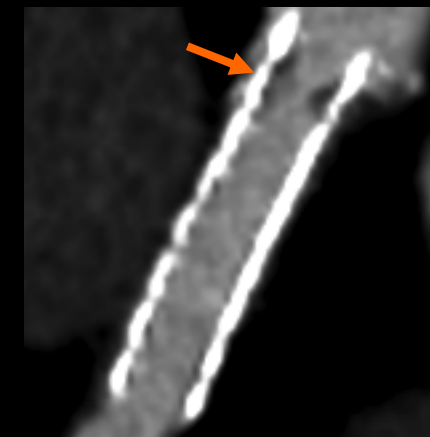
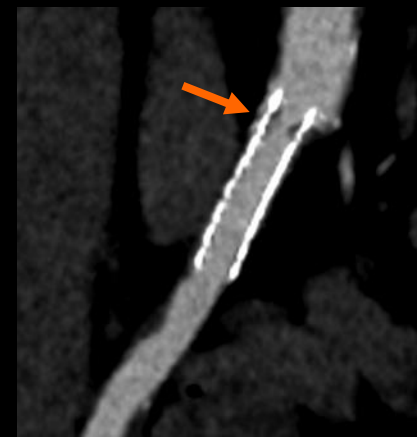
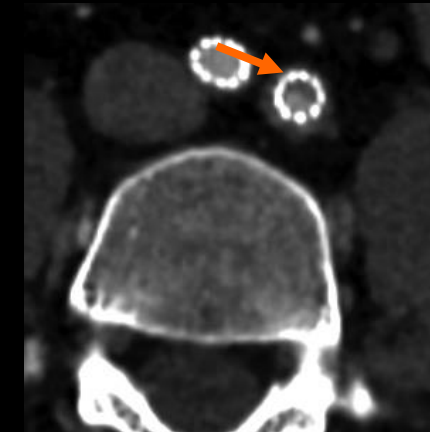
80-250 mA  
0.531 pitch  
5.2 NI  
0.8 s/rot  
584 mGy-cm DLP



# Clarity imaging – migliore risoluzione spaziale

Visualization of in-stent restenosis

629 mGy-cm DLP





# Follow-up della pancreatite, riduzione della dose del 59% con Revolution EVO con ASiR-V rispetto ad altra CT

Optima CT660

TC Revolution EVO

## Acquisition

120 kV

BMI 24

Helical

Standard kernel

ASiR 50%

12.2 mGy-cm CTDIvol



## Acquisition

100 kV

BMI 24

Helical

Standard kernel

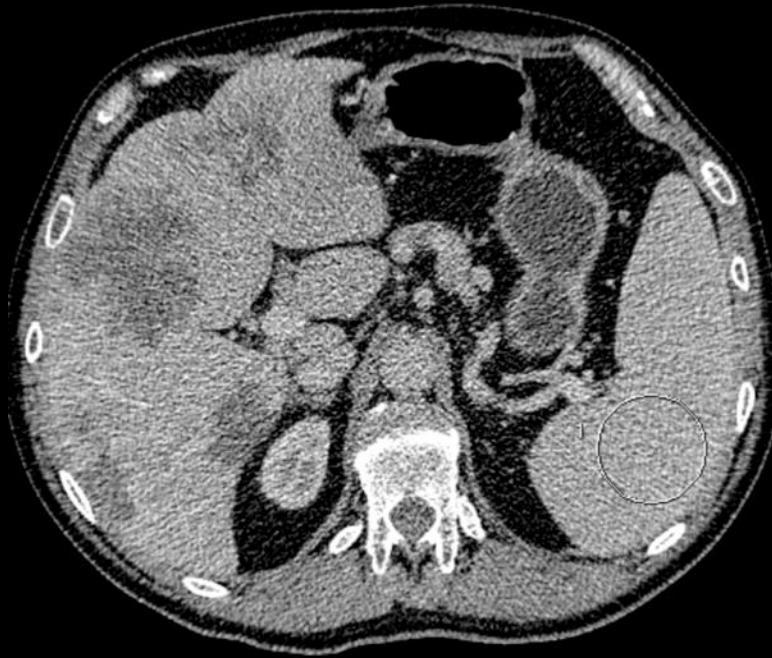
ASiR-V 40%

5.0 mGy-cm CTDIvol



# ASiR-V\*

Migliora la risoluzione di contrasto fino al 135% alla stessa dose



Filtered back projection  
Noise standard deviation = 43.8



ASiR  
Noise standard deviation = 33.0

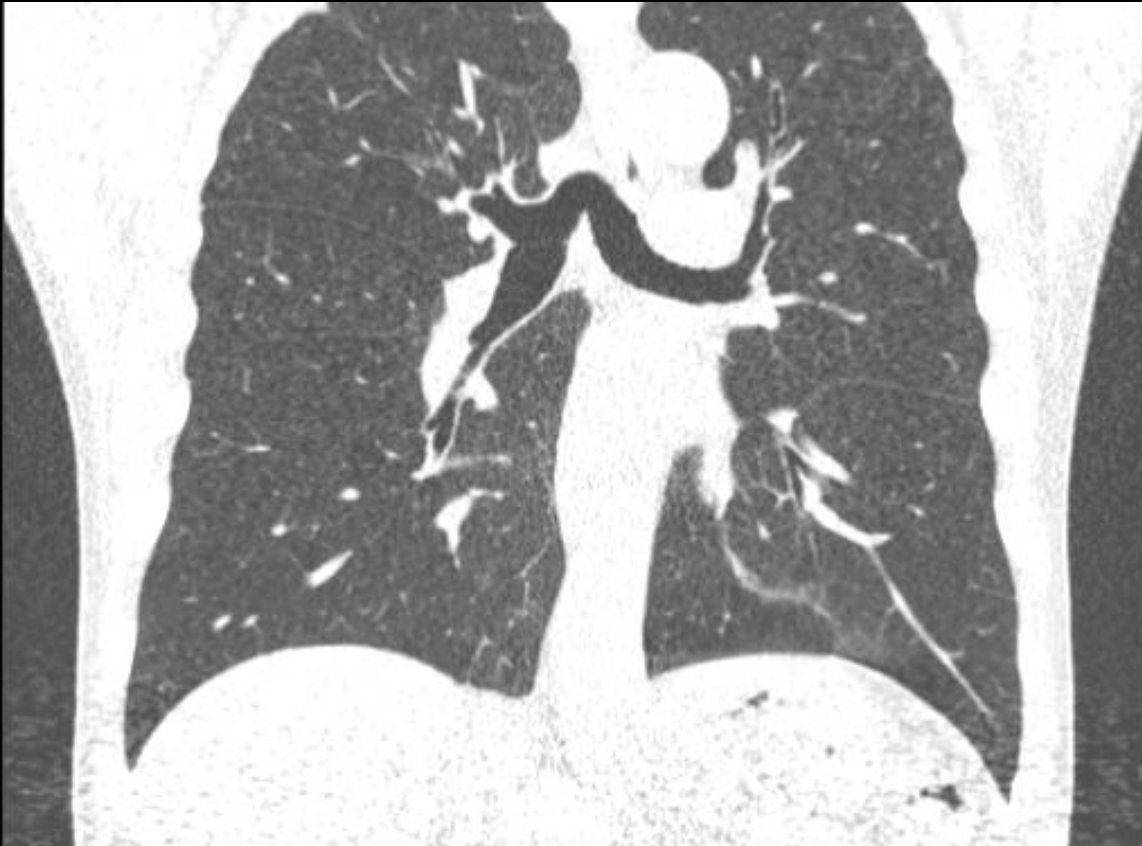


ASiR-V  
Noise standard deviation = 14.1

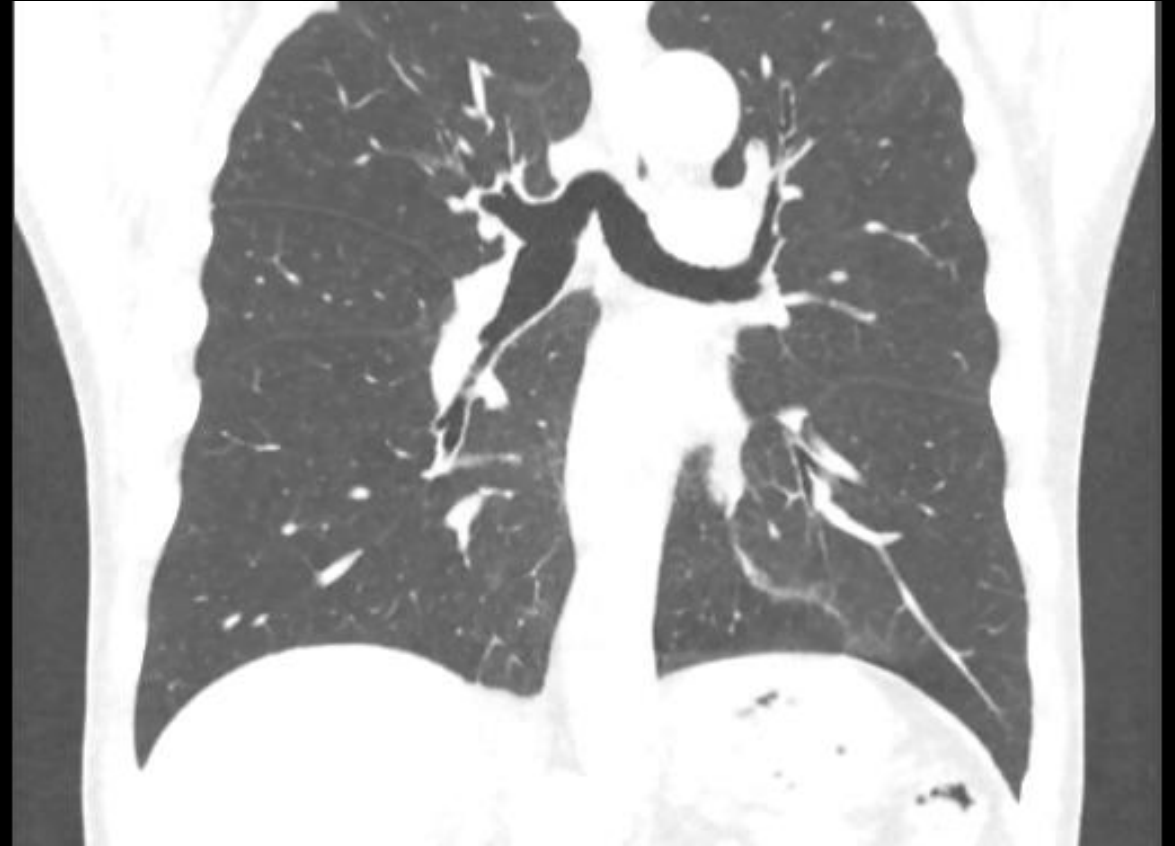




# Torace a basso dosaggio, 0,5 mSv<sup>1</sup>, per esempio, per il follow-up oncologico



FBP

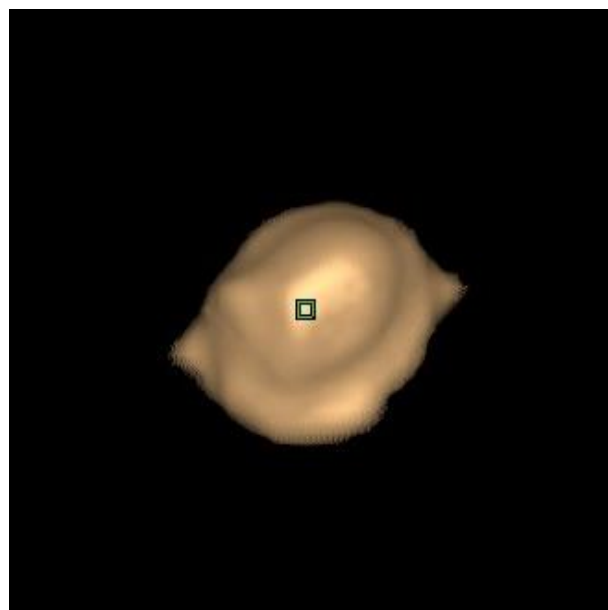
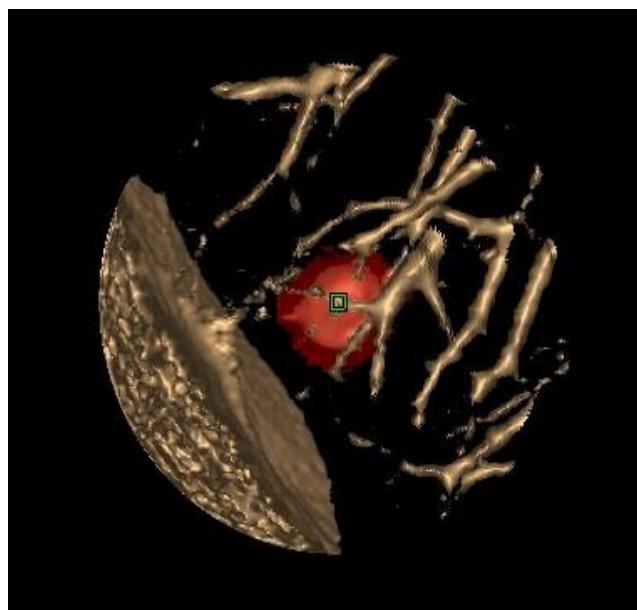
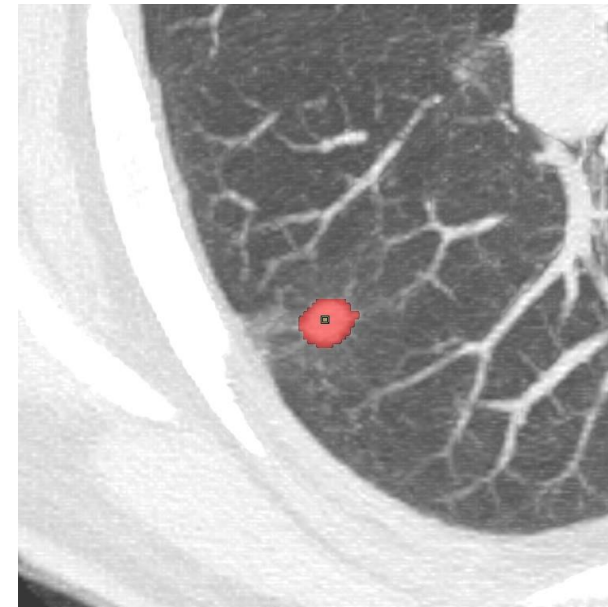


Standard kernel + ASiR-V 100%



# Ricostruzione 3D del nodulo polmonare

Ampio sistema di post processing che consente la visualizzazione tridimensionale degli organi, delle lesioni e dei tessuti circostanti



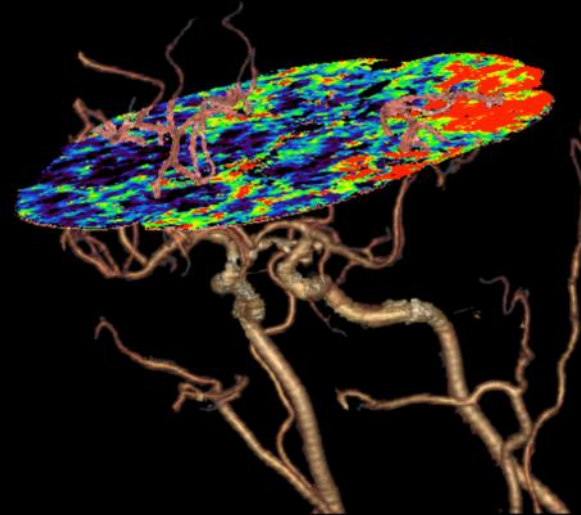
# Valutazione dell'Ictus con Volume Shuttle (Perfusione)

## Acquisition

80 kV  
80 mA  
5 mm slice  
80 mm coverage  
0.5 s/rot  
54.2 s total exposure  
718 mGy-cm DLP  
1.7 mSv<sup>1</sup>



CTA showing TSA without visible thrombus



Interactive volumetric map demonstrating left MCA territory with infarcts in areas M1, M4 and M6

